[AUGUST, MDCCLXVII.] [NUMB. 90.]

THE SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 25, 1767.

The Act *of* Confederation, *entered into by the* Diſſidents *of* Poland, *begun in this Paper, No.* 87, *concluded.*

THE right of acting at the Dietines is diſputed with us, and at Proſchowice, in the palatinate of Cracovia, the Diſſidents were driven from the church, with the utmoſt ignominy, and at the riſk of their lives.

Contrary to the ſpirit of the laws of the kingdom, we are ſpoken of as hereticks, and are put on the ſame liſt with Arius, although we are very far from eſpouſing his principles; and our miniſters of the word of God are loaded with the moſt diſgraceful epithets. When we complain of ſo many oppreſſions, and claim the aſſiſtance of laws and treaties, we are ſent away with contempt, without even an examination of our complaints and grievances; and when on theſe heads, we give in our manifeſtoes and proteſts, to be regiſtered among the public acts, they are refuſed to be accepted, in order to conceal the knowledge of them from our ſucceſſors.

Now foraſmuch as through this whole proceeding the only bond of internal concord, and reciprocal peace and friendſhip, ſo wiſely eſtabliſhed by our anceſtors, is entirely broken, and our hopes have vaniſhed ſince the laſt Diet, when inſtead of rendering our ſituation eaſier, the conſtitution of 1764 was renewed and confirmed, which takes from us even the ſhadow of every one of our birthrights, and threatens us with entire deſtruction, there remains no other method to provide for the ſafety of our perſons, effects, and liberty, but to unite ourſelves by an indiſſoluble bond for the defence of the free exerciſe of our religion, our rights, and liberty, as we are hereby united and engaged by the preſent act, and a ſolemn oath. We all ſwear jointly, and each of us in particular, mutually to defend our ancient rights, privileges, and free exerciſe of religion, with all our power, and to ſacrifice our effects, and lives, for the maintenance of our liberty, and the fundamental laws of the whole republic, without regard to difficulties and dangers, and without ſparing either care, fatigue, or expence, and to employ all our knowledge and power for our common ſupport. We proteſt, in the preſence of the Almighty, (on whom we cannot impoſe without impunity) that we will always remain faithful and obedient to the king our moſt gracious maſter, imploring his clemency and protection, that juſtice may be rendered to us; and we recommend to the marſhal of our confederation, that he ſend deputies to the confederation with inſtructions relative thereto, to his majeſty the king, our moſt gracious maſter, to aſſure his majeſty of our fidelity, and to ſupplicate him to grant us his high protection, and to preſent to our lord the king our grievances, and our moſt humble prayers. We declare at the ſame time, that we are ready to give proofs of our good-will and fraternal diſpoſition towards all thoſe of the communion of Rome, and to true and good patriots, inviting them to unite with us to maintain the fundamental laws of the kingdom, and the peace of religion, together with the right of each jointly with ourſelves, all the general confederations of our anceſtors obliging us to it, and to oppoſe themſelves that the equality ſubſiſting among the nobility may not be deſtroyed by the more powerful party.

We claim alſo, by virtue of public treaties, the powerful protection of the powers who gurantee our rights and liberties, namely, her Majeſty the Empreſs of all the Ruſſias, and their Majeſties the Kings of Sweeden, Great-Britain, Denmark, and Pruſſia, and implore thoſe Monarchs to protect us in our liberty and privileges, according to the tenor of the treaties.

Laſtly, we proteſt before the judge of judges, who is the witneſs of our ſorrow, our innocence, and the purity of our hearts, that we have no intention of acting to the detriment of the Roman Catholic religion, but that we duly reſpected it, and only aſk the re-eſtabliſhment of our ancient rights, and the liberty of our religion, the former being infringed when we are deprived of the latter. In entering into a confederacy ſo ſalutary for the public good, according to the uſage and example of our anceſtors, we elect for marſhal of this our confederation his Excellency Monſieur George William de Goltz, Staroſte of Tuchel, a lieutenant-general in the army of the crown, to whom we give twenty-four councellors, to regulate, ordain, treat of, and conclude every thing that ſhall be neceſſary for the re-eſtabliſhment and maintenance of our rights, and to provide for our ſafety.

Finally, as according to the tenor of all ancient confederations, we have always preſerved our fidelity inviolate, ſo we now promiſe, with the aſſiſtance of God, to obſerve inviolably the preſent engagement of union and confederation, conſidering ourſelves as members of one body, from which none may depart; and that this act of confederation may have the more force and authenticity, we have all ſet our hands and ſeals thereto.

Signed by

GEORGE WILLIAM DE GOLCZEWA GOLTZ, Staroſte of Tuchel, Lieutenant-General, Marſhal of the Confederation; and by three hundred and eight of the other members.

Philadelphia Flour and Bar Iron, to be ſold by

GODFREY and GADSDEN,

WHO have a HOUSE and STORES on the Bay to LET, well fitted up, and convenient for Buſineſs, now occupied by Meſſrs. GUERIN and WILLIAMSON, near the Watch-Houſe. tbc

FILIAL PIETY, Exemplified and Rewarded.

IN a great ſea-port, in one of the moſt diſtant provinces in France, there lived a merchant, who had carried on trade with equal honour and proſperity, until he was turned of fifty years of age; and then, by a ſudden ſeries of unexpected and unavoidable loſſes, found himſelf unable to comply with his engagements, and his wife and children, in whom he placed his principal happineſs, reduced into ſuch a ſituation as doubled his diſtreſs.

His ſole reſource in this ſad ſituation was, the reflection, that, upon the ſtricteſt review of his own conduct, nothing either of iniquity or imprudence appeared. He thought it beſt therefore to repair to Paris, in order to lay a true ſtate of his affairs before his creditors, that being convinced of his honeſty, they might be induced to pity his misfortunes, and allow him a reaſonable ſpace of time to ſettle his affairs. He was very kindly received by ſome, and very civilly by all; from whence he conceived great hopes, which he communicated to his family. But theſe were ſpeedily daſhed, by the cruelty of his principal creditor, who cauſed him to be ſeized and ſent to goal.

As ſoon as this melancholy event was known in the country, his eldeſt ſon, who was turned of nineteen, liſtening only to the dictates of filial piety, came poſt to Paris, and threw himſelf at the feet of the obdurate creditor, to whom he painted the diſtreſs of the family, in the moſt pathetic terms, but without effect. At length, in the greateſt agony of mind, he ſaid, "Sir, ſince you think nothing can compenſate for your loſs but a victim, let your reſentment devolve upon me. Let me ſuffer inſtead of my father, and the miſeries of a priſon will ſeem light, in procuring the liberty of a parent, to conſole the ſorrows of the diſtracted and dejected family that I have left behind me. Thus, Sir, you will ſatisfy your vengeance, without ſealing their irretrievable ruin!" And there his tears and ſighs ſtopped his utterance.

His father's creditor beheld him upon his knees in this condition, for a full quarter of an hour. He then ſternly bid him riſe, and ſit down; which he obeyed. The gentleman then walked from one corner of the room to the other, in great agitation of mind, for about the ſame ſpace of time. At length, throwing his arms about the young man's neck, "I find," ſaid he, "there is yet ſomething more valuable than money. I have an only daughter, for whoſe fate I have the utmoſt anxiety. I am reſolved to fix it; in marrying you ſhe muſt be happy. Go, carry your father's diſcharge, aſk his conſent, bring him inſtantly hither, and let us bury in the joy of this alliance, all remembrance of what has formerly happened." Thus the generous gratitude of the ſon relieved the calamity of the worthy father. The man who had conſidered wealth and happineſs as ſynonimous terms, was freed from that fatal error; and Providence vindicated the manner of its proceeding, by thus bringing light out of darkneſs, and through a ſhort ſcene of miſery, rewarded a virtuous family with laſting peace, in the enjoyment of that proſperity which they ſo well deſerved.

To the Printer of the LONDON CHRONICLE.

SIR,

AS *the* bare letter *of a Governor of one of our provinces, accuſing his people of rebellious* intentions, *is by many here thought ſufficient ground for inflicting penalties on ſuch province,* unheard, *without* farther evidence, *and without knowing what it may have to ſay in its juſtification: I wiſh you would give the publick the following extract of a letter, in which accuſations of the coloniſt from officers of government reſiding there are ſet in a light* very different *from that they have been uſually conſidered in.—It was written here at the time of our laſt year's diſputes, by one who had lived long in America, knew the people and their affairs extremely well—and was equally well acquainted with the temper and practices of government officers. Speaking of the opinion entertained in Britain of the Americans, he ſays,* "Much *has been ſaid of a* virtual repreſentation, *which the coloniſt are ſuppoſed to have here. Of that I underſtand nothing. But I know what kind of* actual repreſentation, *or rather* miſrepreſentation, *is continually made of them, by thoſe from whom the miniſters chiefly have their information. Governors and other officers of the crown, even the little officers of the revenue ſent from hence, have all at times ſome account to give of their own loyal and faithful conduct, with which they mix ſome contrary character of the people that tends to place that conduct in a more advantageous light. Every good thing done there in the aſſemblies, for promoting his Majeſty's ſervice, was obtained by the Governor's influence: He propoſed, he urged ſtrongly, he managed parties;—there was a great oppoſition;—the aſſembly were refractory and diſaffected;—but his zeal and dexterity overcame all difficulties. And if thro' his own imprudence, or real want of capacity, any thing goes wrong, he is never in fault; the aſſembly and the people are to bear all the blame; they are turbulent, diſloyal, impatient of government, diſreſpectful to his* Majeſty's Repreſentative.—*Then the Cuſtom-Houſe Officer repreſents the people as inclined to* ſmuggling. *Dutch and French goods (by his account) ſwarm in the country; nothing elſe would be uſed if it were not for his* extreme vigilance; *which, indeed, as it takes up all his time, he hopes will be conſidered in the allowance of a* larger ſalary.—*Even the Miſſionary Clergy, to whom all credit is due, cannot forbear acquainting the Biſhops, and their other ſuperiors here from whom they receive their ſtipends, that they are indeed very diligent in their reſpective miſſions; but that they meet with great difficulties from the adverſe diſpoſition of the people:—Quakers oppoſe them in one place, Preſbyterians in another,—this country ſwarms with thwarting hereticks; t'other with malevolent ſectaries:—Infidelity gains ground here, Popery is countenanced* there. *Their unwearied endeavours, which are never wanting, ſcarce ſuffice to prevent the coloniſts being overwhelmed with vice, irreligion, ignorance and error! Then the Military Officer, who has ſerved in the colonies, repreſents them as* abounding in wealth; *the profuſe tables they uſed to ſpread for him in their hoſpitable entertainments convinced him of it; for there he ſaw daily when he dined from houſe to houſe, and therefore he had reaſon to imagine it was their common way of living; (though in truth that was extremely different and much more ſuitable to their circumſtances.) But opulent as he ſuppoſes them, they muſt, in his opinion, be the meaneſt of mortals to grudge the payment of a trifling tax, eſpecially as it is to maintain ſoldiers. Thus* REPRESENTED, *how can it be otherwiſe, but that the governing people in Britain ſhould conceive the moſt unfavourable idea of Americans, as unworthy the name of Engliſhmen, and fit only to be ſnub'd, curb'd, ſhackled and plundered.*"

WARSAW, May 29.

THE Prince Primate, in his anſwer to the deputies ſent by the confederation of Thorn, when they had their audience, ſpoke as follows:

"We take in very good part the deputation ſent us by "our brethren, fellow patriots, and fellow citizens incor-"porated, and declare it welcome. As firſt ſenator, I wiſh "your propoſal and the reſolution of the three orders of "the kingdom may agree together; and as firſt paſtor of "the kingdom, I intreat you to regard concord as the "the principal object."

The Sinatus Conſilium was opened in the ſenate hall the day before yeſterday in the King's preſence. There were forty members, but every thing is kept ſecret as to their proceedings.

Genoa, May 16. On the 13th inſtant, the government embarked 400 regular troops on board ſome armed veſſels, with orders to join thoſe under the command of the Senator Pinelli, in order to enable him to make a ſecond attempt to land on the iſland of Capraia. It is aſſured, that the Senate is reſolved to uſe all poſſible means to recover that iſland; and as, on the other hand, the Corſicans will do their endeavours to maintain themſelves there, the war will probably be as briſk as ever.

Vienna, May 30. The Empreſs Conſort died on Thurſday morning, about nine o'clock. The ſmall-pox was of ſo very malevolent a kind, that from the firſt moment there was ſcarce a glimpſe of hope. She herſelf was ſoon acquainted with the danger, and met it with the moſt exemplary piety, patience, reſignation, and fortitude. Her death was very eaſy, without ſtruggle or convulſion, ſo that thoſe about her ſcarce knew when ſhe expired. All the Imperial family, and the whole court are under the greateſt affliction upon this melancholy occaſion.

The Empreſs Queen continues in as fair a way as poſſible. Though the eruption proved more copious than was at firſt imagined, it is certain the ſmall-pox is of the beſt ſort.

Florence, May 30. The firſt and ſecond convoy of Jeſuits from Spain having been refuſed to land at Civita Vecchia, they ſailed from thence towards Corſica, where the Republic of Genoa had conſented that a certain number of them ſhould be diſtributed in the places that are garriſoned by the French troops: But, by the laſt letters here from Genoa, we hear, that M. de Marbœuf, the commander in chief of thoſe troops in that iſland, had declared, that he could not permit the Jeſuits to land there; and that the Republick had likewiſe made the ſame declaration in regard to their landing in any part of that ſtate on the continent; and that notice thereof had been diſpatched by a veſſel, to meet thoſe convoys at ſea.

Warſaw, May 27. On occaſion of opening the tribunals, the Confederation at Thorn preſented to the Grod of Schonſee a manifeſto, ſignifying, that, although they had no intention of ſtopping the courſe of juſtice, they would not permit any of their aſſociates, in their preſent circumſtances, to be judged or called before any of the tribunals, in any caſe or on any pretext whatſoever.

LONDON, May 29.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, dated May 7.

"*Eight young French bucks, all officers of faſhion, being in high ſpirits, and out upon a frolic near Nantz, agreed to turn up the coats of the firſt woman they met, and they put it in execution on the principal magiſtrate's daughter; ſince which, they have been degraded and impriſoned for* 22 *years, for they have no ambaſſador to plead for their pardon.*"

There were 33 *houſes or colleges of the Jeſuits in the province of Caſtile;* 30 *in that of Toledo;* 31 *in the province of Andaluſia; and* 24 *in that of Arragon; which made* 118 *in all.*

A foreign gentleman reſiding here has received from Dantzick the intereſting advice, that Lieutenant-General Baron de Goltz, knight of the Ruſſian order of St. Alexander Newſki, and Marſhal of the confederation of the Diſſidents for Poland and Poliſh Pruſſia, died at Thorn on the 24*th of laſt month, of a violent fever; and that his brother, Major General Baron de Goltz, Staroſte of Graudentz, was elected Marſhal of the confederation in his room.*

By the accounts of the Old Bailey ſeſſions, from the year 1732, *to this time, it appears there have been* 1615 *criminals convicted ſince that time,* 1010 *of whom have executed.*

We are credibly informed, that leave will be given to export annually [illegible] Gum Senega, and Gum Arabic, from England to Ireland, duty free, for the better encouragement of the trade of that kingdom.

A plan has been laid before the Lords of Trade, and is now under conſideration, for allowing the importation of low priced teas, from the iſlands of Guernſey and Jerſey, on paying a ſmall duty, which it is thought will be a means of preventing the large quantities that are annually ſmuggled from thoſe places.

A letter from Bantry in Ireland, dated May 3, ſays, "There are now on the coaſt upwards of fifty French veſſels fiſhing for mackrel; ſome of them having ſpread their nets from Sheep-head point to the Derſeys, by which means they form a kind of a chain acroſs our harbour, that intercepts the fiſh as they make for the ſhore; and by throwing the guts overboard in deep water, prevent the larger fiſh, ſuch as cod, hake, &c. from coming into the feeding grounds. By means of this open encroachment on our coaſts, we are like to loſe the advantage of the fiſhing ſeaſon, and of being enabled, in this time of ſcarcity, to ſupply the interior parts of this country.

Extract of a letter from Dunkeld, May 2.

"A buxom country wench, who lives at D——, a village about four miles from this place, was ſo harraſſed by the addreſſes of a number of lovers, that ſhe gave her hand to a taylor more out of view of being freed from the viſits of the others, than from any particular attachment to him; this ſtep ſo enraged another of her lovers, who, till then, had flattered himſelf of having the principal place in her affections, that he was reſolved to be revenged on the taylor. Laſt Tueſday they met at K——n market, where the taylor had taken in more liquor than he could well carry; being in this helpleſs ſtate, his rival, as they were returning home together, took the opportunity of performing the ſame operation on him that the Italians do on their male ſingers, upon which the rival made his eſcape. The wife declared ſhe would live no longer in a place where ſhe ſhould be the talk of the whole country, and made her elopement to Edinburgh. The taylor is thought to be in a fair way of recovery, and ſeems more affected by the loſs of his wife than of his manhood."

A letter from Paris accounts for the late expulſion of the Jeſuits from Spain as follows, viz. "A French gentleman, a Captain in a Spaniſh regiment at Paraguay, finding by accident, in a houſe of Jeſuits, two manuſcripts, containing inſtructions from the General of the Society, and alſo ſome atrocious expreſſions againſt the government, &c. he ſeized them, and would not deliver them up, pretending he had them not. They cauſed him to be arreſted; but his family in France hearing of his impriſonment, ſolicited, at Madrid, his deliverance; which having obtained, the officer immediately communicated the above-mentioned papers to the Count d'Aranda, which effectuated the diſgrace of the Spaniſh Governor in America, and occaſioned the government to take the reſolution of extirpating that Society from all the countries under the dominion of Spain."

A merchant in the city is at this moment involved in no leſs than nineteen chancery ſuits; and a twentieth, we are told, will be commenced againſt him.

On Sunday laſt was interred, at Maidford in Northamptonſhire, in the 122d year of her age, Mrs. Elizabeth Wilſon.

It is reported, that another regiment of light horſe will ſoon be raiſed for his Majeſty's ſervice, the command of which, it is ſaid, will be given to one of the Royal family.

We hear two Engliſh phyſicians of note will, in a few days, ſet out for Copenhagen, in order to reſide at that court, on handſome ſalaries from his Daniſh Majeſty.

A letter from Paris, ſays, that an eminent phyſician there has lately introduced a very uncommon method of bringing on the ſmall-pox, by communicating the infection up the noſtrils in a powder. It is added, that the effect is equally ſure as from inciſion, and more agreeable to the patient.

It is ſaid that a great quantity of ſilver and copper coin are ordered to be furniſhed forthwith, for our ſiſter country Ireland, it having been made appear that they ſtand greatly in need of ſuch aſſiſtance.

The King has been pleaſed to extend his royal clemency to John Benham, one of the unhappy convicts under ſentence of death in Newgate, and who has a wife and three children, in conſideration of his undergoing, purſuant to his own petition, an amputation of one of his limbs, for trying the efficacy of Mr. Pierce's ſyptic medicines. He is a young man of about 25 years of age, by trade a white-ſmith; and if the operation ſucceeds, will be hereafter able to earn his livelihood by honeſt induſtry.

Yeſterday morning was married at St. Andrew's church, Holbourn, a lady aged 72, and a young gentleman aged 18.

We hear from Falmouth, that a mine of pure tin has lately been diſcovered at Scilly Iſlands.

Commiſſions are now executing in a capital houſe in the city, for goods to be ſhipped for Eaſt-Florida, to the amount of 50,000l.

JUNE 12. *According to a letter from St. Mary's in Scilly, the ſea is ſaid to have encroached within theſe laſt twelve months upwards 40 inches upon the ſhore of one of thoſe iſlands at low water mark, and continued viſibly to increaſe.*

Extract of a letter from Rome, May 22, 1767.

"*Since my laſt arrived at Cevita Vecchia about nine hundred Spaniſh Jeſuits: They were forbidden to land there. The night of the 17th they ſailed for Corſica. Part of them are to debark there, at Baſtia, and the remainder in the river Genoa.*

"*It ſeems the King of Spain on receiving a letter from the Pope, in which he ſhewed the impoſſibility of his admitting the Jeſuits into his ſtate, requeſted the Geneeſe to find a place for them. The Geneeſe who have almoſt loſt Corſica, immediately conſented.*

"*Among the Jeſuits who came to Cevita Vecchia, were many French ones, who had quitted France on the extinction of the order in that kingdom, and ſeveral Noviciates. The Pope had many motives for not receiving thoſe perſons. If the Pope had received the Spaniſh Jeſuits, he could not with a good grace refuſe to receive others; and his treaſury is not in a condition to ſupport them.*"

JUNE 15. *This day the Right Honourable the Houſe of Peers met purſuant to their laſt adjournment.*

They write from Madrid, that the Viceroy of Mexico had requeſted of the King a troop of an hundred Catalonian Mountaineers, known by the name of Miquelets; a robuſt, bold, and enterpriſing people, and very expert in the art of war; and that his Catholic Majeſty has given orders, in the [illegible], for their embarking for that part of the world. [illegible] diſpatches were ſent from the Secretary's office for Falmouth, to be put on board the Halifax [illegible] Sir Henry Moore, governor of New-York.

From [illegible], the celebrated writer of Geneva, is ſaid to [illegible] in Lincolnſhire.

The force of paternal affection appeared lately very ſtrong at Paris: A fire having broken out there in a houſe where three children lay aſleep, the unhappy father made his way to their room, through the midſt of the flames thrice ſucceſſively, and brought them all off without ſeeming in the leaſt ſenſible of his danger, or betraying the leaſt ſymptoms that he felt himſelf hurt, though when he brought off the laſt, his hands, feet, legs, and thighs, were burnt in a terrible manner.

JUNE 25. *His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint William Haviland, Eſq; colonel of the 45th regiment of foot, on the Iriſh eſtabliſhment, in the room of the Honourable Colonel John Boſcawen, deceaſed.*

This morning Sir Edward Hawke had a numerous levee at his houſe in the admiralty, and afterward preſided at a board of the Lords commiſſioners.

INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

Notwithſtanding many malicious reports to the contrary, it is now certain that a treaty of marriage is concluded between Mrs. MACAULAY *and* PAOLI, *the* PLEBEIAN. *A dye is preparing for a coin, on which the reverſe, like that of* OLIVER CROMWELL'*s, is to be*—THE BREECHES.

From Utopia we hear, that ſeveral of the great families there are forming an aſſociation for ſeizing upon and monopolizing all the great offices of the ſtate; but the firmneſs of the preſent patriot miniſter, it is thought, will baffle all their machinations.

NEWCASTLE, May 23. Laſt week two couple from the South were married at Gratna-Green.—One of the ladies was only fifteen, and ſaid to be a Nobleman's daughter ſtole from a boarding-ſchool, and will have a fortune of 5000l. a year. She objected to be married in a private houſe, and was with much ado prevailed on to comply at the time; crying out, Oh, muſt I be married in ſuch a ſhabby place! The Parſon however from this demur took the hint to raiſe his price, and would not marry them under ten guineas. The gentleman comes from the neighbourhood of Haltwhiſtle.

EDINBURGH, May 20. There now lives in the town of Preſtonpans a huſband and wife, the one 102, and the other 103 years of age.

CORKE, June 4. Yeſterday the tranſports, with the troops on board, ſailed with a fair wind for Quebec.

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 25.

ON the 17th Inſtant put in here, from the Bay of Honduras bound for Jamaica, his Majeſty's Ships the Diligence and Ferret, commanded by Charles Roche, and George Murray, Eſquires.—They were in want of Water and other Neceſſaries, which as ſoon as they get ſupplied with, will ſail for their Station at Jamaica.

Since our laſt the Captains Rogers, Manchester, Gardner, Joſeph and Phineas Potter, in Veſſels belonging to New-London and Rhode-Iſland, have alſo arrived here from the Bay of Honduras, where they left a Number of Veſſels, ſeveral of whom were bound to different Ports on the Continent.—Captains Joſeph and Phineas Potter ſailed on Sunday laſt for Rhode-Iſland.

Laſt Wedneſday a Sloop arrived here from North-Carolina, loaded with Naval Stores for Sale, which is the firſt ſince the heavy Duty of Twenty per Cent. on the Value of thoſe Commodities was taken off here.

Saturday laſt a Ship arrived here from Ireland, having on board 170 Paſſengers, who are come to ſettle in this Province.

Governor TRYON, of North-Carolina, has iſſued two Proclamations; the one ſpecifying the Partition Line between the Weſtern Frontiers of that Province and the Cherokee Hunting Grounds, as mentioned in this Paper, No. 84; and alſo forbiding all Perſons not to moleſt the Indians, nor hunt on their Grounds, or purchaſe their Lands, but to remove out of their Territories by the firſt of January next, on very ſevere Penalties: He likewiſe exhorts the People to uſe all thoſe Indians kindly, who may travel through their Settlements on Buſineſs, &c.

His Honour's other Proclamation is againſt thoſe Thieves and Robbers who infeſt the back Settlements, requiring all Officers, both Civil and Military, to be aiding and aſſiſting in apprehending them.

DIED.] Auguſt 15th, at his Seat in Granville County, in the 72d Year of his Age, Captain JOHN BULL, Brother to the late, and Uncle to the preſent Lieutenant-Governor of this Province; he was the laſt Survivor of all thoſe Gentlemen who went on the Expedition into the Cherokee Country in the Winter of 1715, during the Time of our general Indian War.—In the Year 1728, a Party of about 50 Spaniards and Indians from St. Auguſtine made an Inroad into this Province as far as the Plantation of Captain Micheau, near Ponpon, whom they killed: Captain Bull went out with a Party of the Militia that was very expeditiouſly collected, with which he purſued, engaged and defeated the Spaniards and Indians near Cooſawhatchee, ſince which ſpirited Action this Province has been free from any Incurſions from that Quarter.———Auguſt 23d, Mrs. Anne Matthewes, Wife of Mr. John Matthewes.

Auguſt	CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD.	*From*
19th.	Ship Fanny, John Atkins,	Grenada
20th.	Brig Free-Maſon, George Thomſon,	St. Euſtatia
	Sloop Friendſhip, Benjamin Gardner,	Honduras
	Ship Pitt, James Rogers,	Ditto
22d.	Sloop Britannia, James Conner,	North-Carolina
24th.	Sloop Hopewell, Daniel M'Coy,	Honduras
Auguſt	ENTRIES OUTWARD.	*For*
18th.	Brig Prince of Wales, Thomas Maſon,	Philadelphia
22d.	Sloop Patience, Milner Tucker,	New-Providence
Auguſt	CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE.	*For*
18th.	Schooner Will. & Rebecca, Judea Swaine,	Cape-Fear
19th.	Sloop Neptune, Joſhua Doane,	St. Thomas
24th.	Sloop Betſey, Solomon Gibbs,	Jamaica
	Schooner Sally, Charles Dawſon,	St. Auguſtine

WANTED,

AN OVERSEER, well acquainted with Rice planting and Sawing, of ſober and prudent Behaviour: Any Perſon well recommended, may treat upon very advantageous Terms, by applying where the Printer ſhall direct; but none without a full and good Recommendation need apply. 6 w.

ATKINS and WESTON,

Have imported from Briſtol, *in the Ship* Lloyd, *Capt.* Pocock, A Choice Quantity of NEGRO CLOTH, with Nails, Iron Pots, &c. which they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable Terms at their Stores in Charles-Town and Stono.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Lord CHARLES-GREVILLE MONTAGU, *Captain-General, Governor and Commander in Chief, in and over His Majeſty's ſaid Province, and Vice-Admiral of the ſame.*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS ſeveral Murders and Houſe Robberies, have lately been committed in the interior Parts of this Province, ſituated between ORANGEBURGH, and the RIDGE, by a Set of daring and atrocious Villains, who have aſſociated themſelves, and in open Defiance of Law and Authority, do go in Numbers, with Fire-Arms, up and down the Country, perpetrating ſuch daring Crimes, whereby the Lives and Properties of his Majeſty's liege and faithful Subjects in thoſe Parts are hourly endangered, and they themſelves held in continual Dread and Terror: In order therefore, to bring ſuch atrocious Offenders to condign Puniſhment, and to preſerve the Peace of the Settlement, and the Lives and Properties of His Majeſty's Subjects there reſiding; I HAVE THOUGHT FIT, by the Advice of His Majeſty's Honourable Council, to Iſſue this my PROCLAMATION, hereby offering a Reward of THIRTY POUNDS PROCLAMATION MONEY, to any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall apprehend and bring to the Common Goal in *Charles-Town*, any of the Perſons who have been the Principals in any of the Murders and Robberies committed in the Weſtern Parts of this Province, for each Perſon ſo apprehended and brought to Goal. AND I DO hereby, ſtrictly enjoin and require all Juſtices, Conſtables, Peace-Officers, and others His Majeſty's liege Subjects, to be aiding and aſſiſting in bringing them to Juſtice.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the ſaid Province, at Charles-Town, *this Twenty-firſt Day of* Auguſt, *Anno Domini* 1767, *and in the Seventh Year of His Majeſty's Reign.*

C. G. MONTAGU.

By His Excellency's Command,
JOHN BULL, *pro Secr.*

SOUTH-CAROLINA EXPORTS,

Since 1ſt of November, to the 21ſt Auguſt, 1767.

Rice, viz.		Soap,	21 boxes.
To Great-Britain,	51246 bls.	Tallow,	1054 lb.
Portugal,	19331 bls.	Ground Nuts,	1044 buſh.
Spain,	4994 bls.	Indico, viz.	
Italy,	599 bls.	To G. Britain,	495,421 lb.
North-America,	3768 bls.	North-America,	15523 lb.
Britiſh Weſt-India Iſlands,	11720 bls.	Total of Indico,	510,944 lb.
Foreign ditto,	6428 bls.		
Total of Rice,	98,086 bls.	Peaſe,	9160 buſh.
		Deer Skins,	141,116 lb.
Flour,	223 bls.	Spokes,	1050
Shingles,	1,717,800	Hogs Lard,	70 caſks
Butter,	310 Firkins	Horſes,	28
Tar, common,	2232 bls.	Oxen,	23
Spaniſh Potatoes,	157 buſh.	Hogs,	129
Beef,	482 bls.	Poultry,	432 dozen
Pork,	4848 bls.	Indian Corn,	25,943 buſh.
Spars,	87	Rough Rice,	110 buſh.
Reeds,	22412	Timber, Plank, Boards, &c.	540,118 feet
Staves,	240813	Hemp,	204,223 lb
Bees Wax,	6420 lb.	Turpentine,	3787 bl
Skins of Foxes, Bears, &c.	2 hhd. 4 bund.	Pitch,	12339 bl
Beaver and Raccoon Skins,	871	Tanned Leather,	3331 ſid
Turnips,	27 buſh.	Candles,	95 box
		Snake-Root,	1 hhd
		Raw Silk,	67 lb

New Advertiſements.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS at a Court of Common Pleas, begun and holden at Charles-Town, on the 11th Day of Auguſt, Inſtant, *Thomas Pike, Stephen Mazyck*, jun. *Jonathan Drake*, and *Thomas Frierſon*, being duly ſummoned and returned to ſerve as Jurors at the ſaid Court, made Default, and were noted for non-appearance. THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the ſaid Defaulters will be fined in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS, Proclamation Money each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively make good and ſufficient Excuſes upon Oath, for their non-appearance, on or before the firſt Tueſday in October next.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, Auguſt 19, 1767.

(By particular DESIRE)

On MONDAY, AUGUST *the* 31ſt, 1767.

AN EVENING SCHOOL will be opened, by the teacher of the YOUTH educated by the SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY, who intends to limit himſelf to a very moderate Number, the more effectually to give Satisfaction, without boaſting: He thinks himſelf happy in the Approbation of many Gentlemen and Ladies that have employed and recommended him, during five Years School-keeping here, and chearfully relies on a Continuance of their favourable Protection; as they may be aſſured, every endeavour that forty Years Experience of a regular-bred LONDON MERCHANT can dictate, ſhall be faithfully applied to Qualify his Students for Buſineſs, expeditiouſly and properly.——He Thanks his good Friends for all Favours, and hopes to approve himſelf an uſeful humble Servant of the Public, by opening and enlarging the human Underſtanding, and ſtoring the young Mind with a compleat Syſtem of ſolid uſeful Science.

OSBORNE STRATON.

N. B. My Rules, Orders, and Plan of Education, are tabulated and hung up in my Academy on the Green, near the Weſt End of Broad-Street.

DAVIES & WAYNE,

Of CHARLES-TOWN;

HAVING aſſigned over to me, in Behalf of their Creditor in England, their Books, Bonds, Notes, Accounts, and other Effects: I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THEREOF, and adviſe all Perſons whatſoever indebted to them, to ſettle with me, and pay their Debts, as I am determined to put every ſuch Debt in ſuit as faſt as I can make them out.

I alſo give the ſame Notice to all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of ANDREW JOHNSTON, and THOMPSON and HUNTER, deceaſed, late Merchants of this Province.

6 m. ROBERT RAPER.

To be sold for ready Money,

On Wednesday the 2d day of September next, at the plantation, late of LEONARD GRAVES, deceased, on Charles-Town Neck, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon;

THE said plantation, containing 184 acres and a half of land, and also a piece of marsh land, containing 100 acres, with the present crop of corn, &c.

The plantation tools, 16 head of neat cattle, a small parcel of hogs, a horse and riding chair, a cart, &c.

At the same Time will be sold,

THE household furniture and three Negro men, two women and a child of about three years old; one of the women is said to be a cook, washer and ironer, and house-wench.

All persons indebted to the said estate are desired to pay; and those to whom it is indebted, to give in their demands, properly attested, to WILLIAM GREAVES,
August 10, 1767. WILLIAM BURROWS.

To be sold at publick Vendue, at the usual Place in Charles-Town, on Thursday the 3d of September next;

THE SLOOP FRIENDSHIP, now lying at Col. BEALE's Wharf, burthen about 65 Tons, is 20 Months old, has good Sails and Rigging, with two very good Cables and Anchors.—— Any Person inclining to purchase her at private Sale, may know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber, who has to dispose of, a Parcel of exceeding good Mahogany, just imported in the said Sloop, from the Bay of Honduras, which he will sell on very reasonable Terms.

August 22, 1767. NATHANIEL RUSSELL.

On Tuesday the 15th of September next, at 12 o'Clock at Noon, will be sold at publick Auction, at the usual Place in Charles-Town;

A Commodious tenement, well situated for trade, in Tradd-street, with seven good rooms, a kitchen, wash-house, store-room, and other conveniencies, suitable for a family.——The lot contains 25 feet eight inches in front, and 61 feet and a half in depth, with an addition of back land, measuring 16 feet deep, from north to south, and 50 feet long from east to west; the kitchen, &c. stands on part of the back land, which makes the yard large and commodious. The said house formerly belonged to Mr. Moses Audebert, and is to be sold by order of Mr. Philip Audebert, residing in Antigua, who is the present proprietor.——The titles may be seen in the hands of William Burrows, Esq; any time before the sale.

To be sold at the plantation of the late deceased JEAN DUMAY, in St. James's parish, on Thursday the 24th day of September, 1767, if a fair day, if not, the first fair day after;

ALL the personal estate of the deceased, consisting of a parcel of likely country-born SLAVES. Any person having demands against the said deceased, are desired to send them properly attested; and those indebted, are requested to pay the same by the above date, to
STEPHEN GUERRY, Executors.

The conditions of the above sale, will be made known on the said day.

TWENTY odd Head of fine working OXEN, to be sold by the Subscriber. Apply at the upper End of Broad-Street, to WILLIAM WILLIAMSON.

SAMUEL PERONNEAU,

Has just imported in the Brig Prince of Wales, Thomas Mason, *Master, from* Philadelphia;

LEWIS's best superfine Flour, Water and Milk Bread.——He has also to dispose of, by the Pipe, Hogshead, or Quarter Cask, best London Madera, York, and Jamaica Wines; also by the Dozen, of each Quality.

He once more requests all those indebted to him, by Bond, Note, &c. to discharge the same immediately, otherwise they may expect to find them in the Hands of an Attorney, this being positively the last Notice.

JOHN GILES,

Lately arrived in the Ship Mary, *Captain* Gordon, *from* London; *has brought with him, chosen by himself on the spot;*

A General assortment of European and East-India Goods, proper for the present and approaching season; which will be sold at the usual credit, and on very moderate terms for cash; exceeding good bohea tea at 30s. per lb. and the finest hyson ditto at £. 6 5 0; with wines, rum, brandy, arrack, geneva, London sugar, salt, &c. as usual.——By the package, fine and low priced Scotch linens, sheeting ditto, britannias, oznabrugs, 3-4th checks, table-cloths and check handkerchiefs, for a very low advance, for cash or short credit, at his store in Elliott-street. the

JOHN OHLIN,

At the Old Sugar-House, the upper End of Broad-Street;

TAKES this method of acquainting the public, that he has a quantity of SUGAR for sale, at the following prices, viz. loaf sugar at 5s. the pound, lump ditto at 4s. and bastard sugar at 3s. Those who are pleased to favour me with their custom, may depend on being served to their satisfaction, by their humble servant,
JOHN OHLIN.

TO BE SOLD,

AN excellent POINTER BITCH, for land or water, that has few equals, and none better in the province. Enquire of the printer, who can likewise inform any gentleman of a young man who would engage on easy terms, for the sake of instruction, to attend a store.

THE subscriber desires all persons any way indebted to SAMUEL WISE, to make immediate payment, or their respective debts will be put into the hands of WILLIAM BURROWS, Esq; without further notice.
GEORGE BEDON, jun. Attorney.

N.B. He has a parcel of choice barrelled Pork to dispose of,

In the Commons House of Assembly, the 20th Day of April, 1767.

ORDERED,

THAT publick Notice be given, That by an Act passed the 18th Instant, intitled, *An Act for the more frequent holding of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Assize, and General Goal Delivery; and to appoint and establish a new List of Jurymen; and to authorize and impower the Assistant Judges to take Renunciations of Dower from Feme-Coverts;* IT IS AMONG OTHER THINGS ENACTED, That from, and immediately after the passing of this Act, instead of the Times heretofore appointed for the holding the said Court of General Sessions, (to wit) the Third Wednesday in March, and the Third Wednesday in October; the said Court of General Sessions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Assize, and General Goal Delivery, shall always hereafter be holden, and set three Times in every Twelve Months, (that is to say) On the Third Monday in October, on the Third Monday in January, and on the Third Monday in April; and shall adjourn, *Dedie in Diem*, until all Trials and other Business that is to be dispatched and transacted by Juries, shall be finished; and then the said Court may adjourn to any further Days or Times for giving Judgment, awarding, executing, or doing any other lawful and necessary Business, belonging to the said Court, about which the Attendance of Juries is not required by Law; any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom, to the contrary notwithstanding. And that all Process, Warrants, Orders, Recognizances, and other Matters and Things, now depending in the Court of General Sessions; and all proceedings thereupon had, which before the passing of this Act stood adjourned over, continued, or were returnable at the Court of General Sessions, heretofore appointed to be holden on the Third Wednesday in October next, shall be continued, proceeded upon, heard, tried, judged and determined, at the next Court of General Sessions, hereby appointed to be held the Third Monday in October next; and the said Court is hereby authorized, and impowered to proceed thereupon, and to make such Orders relating thereto as the said Court might or could do, if it was to be held the said Third Wednesday in October next, and this Act had never been passed: Any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary thereof, in any wise notwithstanding.

By Order of the House,
THOMAS FARR, jun. Clerk.

JOHN LAMPUT, WHEEL-WRIGHT,

HAVING removed from the corner of Meeting-street, opposite Mr. William Holliday's, to a part of the same street, opposite Mrs. Logan's; where he continues to carry on the said business in all its branches, viz. Makes and mends new chair-wheels and carriages, carts, drays, and wheel-barrows.——As he has always been noted for application to business, hopes to give content to his former customers, and to merit encouragement from others.

AN OVERSEER, who is acquainted with plantation business in general, and can bring a good recommendation, (without which none need apply) may hear of a good place, on application to
THOMAS CORBETT.

Wanted, on hire or purchase,

A Young Negro Fellow that understands COOKING, for a small Family of three or four Persons. Enquire of the Printer.

STRAYED into my Pasture, at Goose-Creek, two black GELDINGS, about 13 Hands high; one of them branded B K, the other with an I with three Strokes across. The owner may apply to
ALEXANDER FRASER.

TO BE LET,

MR. JOHN DUTARQUE's House on the Bay of Charles-Town, at present occupied by Mr. SIMS WHITE. Enquire of
THEODORE GAILLARD, jun.

RUN-AWAY from the subscriber's brick yard, at Wando, in Christ-Church parish, on Monday the 17th of August, 1767, a Negro man called DUBLIN; a black well set fellow, about five feet seven inches high, has a large scar on one of his cheeks, speaks good English, has a grum voice, and bold countenance; can mould bricks; was born at Philadelphia, and belonged to one James White there, who sold him to Isaiah Parvezole, of Cross-creek, in North-Carolina, who sold him to John Bohannan, of Mecklinburgh county, and he to John Ray, of the same county, and he to James Maclenehan, of Charles-Town, where the subscriber bought him at publick vendue, in June last. It is suspected he will make for North-Carolina.—— Whoever apprehends him, and delivers him to the subscriber in Charles-Town, or to the Warden of the Work-house, shall have *Twenty Pounds* reward, besides the charges allowed by law. WILLIAM HOPTON.

TO BE SOLD,

TWO lots of land in Queen-street, adjoining HENRY FULKER's, 32 feet in front, and 105, or thereabouts in depth, lately Shute's watering-place; which will be sold for credit. Any person inclinable to purchase the same, may enquire of Mr. JOHN EDWARDS, merchant, in Charles-Town.

Also, a tract of 500 acres, on the north side of Santee river, adjoining lands of Thomas Bosher. This tract is exceeding good land for rice, corn, and indico. Enquire as above. CHARLES CAPERS.

INFORMATION hath been given me of the following strays, viz. A bay horse about 14 hands high, branded something like *W R*, with several saddle spots on his back; paces a little, and appears to be about 15 years old.

A sorrel horse branded with an M, about 14 hands high, and six years old. The owners of the above strays, must prove their property before
JOSIAH PERRY, J. P.

MR. Daniel Cannon, informs me of a grey horse, about 13 hands and a half high, branded on the mounting shoulder D, having strayed into his plantation at Goose-Creek. The owner may prove his property before FENWICKE BULL, J. P. in Charles Town.

St. John's Parish, July 1, 1767.

THE owners of the following strays, may have them, by proving their property before the subscriber.

A light bay horse, a trotter, 14 hands high, branded on both buttocks and on the top of the rump I, and LT in one, and on the mounting shoulder with a small brand not to be made out.

An old brown bay horse, about 13 hands and a half high, has part of one hind foot white, a small star, his back very much gauled, branded on the near buttock, but not to be described whether letter or figure.

A black or brown horse, trots very fast, about 13 hands and a half high, has one fore-foot white, several white spots on his back, has a long broom tail, branded on the mounting shoulder W
S D, and on the off shoulder AT in one.

An old flea-bitten horse, 13 hands high, has but one eye, a piece cut out of one ear, and the other a small slit, branded on both shoulders and near buttock something like B, with a cross a top.

A black or brown troting horse, about 13 hands high, short mane, and a small star, branded on the mounting buttock K, and on the off buttock S C.

A black troting horse, 14 hands high, with a snip, four white feet, and two glass eyes, branded on the mounting shoulder and buttock N.

A bay pacing horse, 13 hands high, has a star and several saddle spots, and branded on the near buttock I P.
HENRY RAVENEL, J. P.

PRODUCED to me by Henry Bonneau, of St. Thomas's parish, a large brown steer, about seven or eight years old, a slit in his right ear, the other a hole, and a piece taken out of the under part, unbranded.—— Whoever owns the said stray, must apply in six months, as the law directs in that case, to
BENJAMIN MARION, J. P.

THESE are to forewarn all persons from crediting any one in my name, without a written order from JOHN or MARY KESSON.

THE Subscriber intending to go off the Province early next Spring, will sell at publick Outcry, at the usual Place in Charles-Town, *on Tuesday the 22d Day of October next*, A *very* VALUABLE PLANTATION, on the South Side of Santee River, containing upwards of *Two Thousand Acres*, having thereon two very large Barns, an Overseer's House, Negro Houses, a Corn-House, Stable, and other necessary Buildings,——*One Hundred Acres* of the River Swamp are ditched in, and under extraordinary good Banks. About *One Hundred Acres* more, uncleared Swamp, are adjoining, lies very convenient to the Barn, will require very little or no ditching, and is esteemed to be exceeding good.——A very large and extensive Reservoir, that holds a prodigious Quantity of Water, is at Hand, so that should the Summer be dry, and the Spring Tides low, you are at no loss, as you can command plenty from the Reservoir.——The Remainder of the Land back, is mostly Pine, (on which is a great deal of Light-Wood) and runs on WASHO CREEK, (to secure the Head of Water) near five Miles. Said Creek divides the above from other Lands of the Subscriber's, and will be made the dividing Line; but a Right to the Use of the Reservoir will be made to the Purchaser.

As there are many People who possibly are, or may be, prejudiced by idle Reports against the above Lands not producing Crops, unjustly imagining that the Land is hurt by the Salts. I shall be glad such People will give themselves the Trouble to go thither now, and let the present Crop of sixty Acres of Rice, with Corn, &c. satisfy them of the Truth.

Any Person inclinable to purchase the said Plantation by private Sale, or, as the whole consists of five Tracts as originally run out, if a Number of Persons should want to purchase the Tracts separately, so that the Whole may be disposed of, he or they are desired to apply to the Subscriber in Charles-Town, before the Day of Sale, who has a Plat of the Whole, and will treat upon the most reasonable Terms.——Two of the said Tracts, lying at the Head of the Creek, has a good Body of fine Swamp, supplied with Abundance of large Cypress, and is capable of being made a fine Rice Plantation. Any Person desirous of seeing the above Lands, is desired to apply to Mr. JONAH COLLINS, who will shew it. SAMPSON NEYLE.

N. B. As soon as the Land is disposed of, I purpose to sell fifteen or twenty Negroes. *August* 1, 1767.

AS the Notice we gave last Year, not only in the Gazettes but by Letter, to every Person indebted to us, has been disregarded, excepting by a very few; We now for the LAST TIME, inform all Persons, without Distinction, (but of those whom we promised to wait for Payment until January next) that unless their several and respective Debts are paid, or some other Satisfaction made, they will on the *first of September next* be put in Suit. No other Notice will be given.
MILES BREWTON,
THO. LOUGHT. SMITH.

N. B. Debts contracted with ROBERT MILLER, & Co. will be sued at the same Time.

ROBERT DILLON,

INFORMS the public, that he intends to open house about the first of September next; and notwithstanding his having neglected all other business for a considerable time past, that he might collect his debts, in order to pay what he owes, yet many are still outstanding: All concerned are hereby informed, that every debt of what kind soever which shall remain unpaid on the 10th day of September aforesaid, will then without distinction be put in suit.

TO BE LET,

(On easy Terms)

THE STORES in Elliott-Street, lately occupied by us, which are very convenient.
HARLESTON & BONNEAU.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

AN Apprentice to the Printing-Business; he must be a sober, honest, sprightly Lad.—Such an one will meet with suitable Encouragement; and his Friends may depend on his being well treated.——The Parties may apply to Charles Crouch, at his Printing-Office in Ellio-

JAMES Mc CALL,

...ved in the Ship LLOYD, Capt. POCOCK, from BRISTOL;

STRIPED duffils, blue and green plains; ſtiped and croſs-barred flannels; 3d, 4d, 5d, 6d, 10d, and 20d nails, ſcupper ditto, iron pots, bird and ſwan ſhot, bullets, ſhort pipes, linſeed oil, white lead, Spaniſh brown and yellow oaker ground in oil, lampblack, dry red lead and powder oaker; 8 by 10, and 10 by 12 window-glaſs, crates of ſheet ditto, CHOICE DOUBLE GLOSTER CHEESE, Iriſh beef, bottled beer, cyder, ale, and perry, loaf ſugar, almonds in and out the ſhell, ſplit peaſe in jugs, and vinegar in ditto; handſome ſaddles, bridles, and whips; men's buck gloves; women's white unglazed and kid gloves and mitts, with flowered backs; women and girls leather and black callimanco ſhoes and pumps, men and boys ſhoes and pumps, courſe ſhoes for Negroes, a great choice of childrens black leather and Morocco ſhoes and pumps, large red hearth tiles; red unglazed China tea and coffee-pots; brown bowls, compleat ſets of pencil work; tea China, glaſs ſalvers; jelly, ſyllabub and wine glaſſes; quart, three quart, and gallon decanters; tumblers, patty pans, ſalts, and candleſticks, &c. &c.——And in the laſt veſſels from Philadelphia, ſuperfine and common flour in barrels, kegs of water bread, and Haines's beſt double beer in whole and half barrels; all which will be ſold reaſonably, by the ſaid *McCall*, at Meſſrs. LLOYD and NEYLE's ſtore in Broad-ſtreet, facing Mr. Timothy's printing-office.

SAMUEL GROVE,

Has juſt imported in the LIVE OAK, Capt. LUNDBERRY, from BRISTOL, and the ROSE-ISLAND, from LONDON;

A General and compleat aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India goods, amongſt which are white, blue, and green plains; ſtriped duffils; 3-4th, 9-4th, and 10-4th bed blankets; ſtriped flannels, emboſſed ſerge, men and women's worſted hoſe, callimancoes, camblets, ſets of cart-wheel boxes, beſt pitching axes, ſein and ſail twine, nails of different ſorts, an aſſortment of earthen ware, beſt Taunton ale, cyder, linſeed oil in jugs, and iron pots from one to twenty-five gallons, which he will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms, at his ſtore in Beaufort, kept by Mr. PETER LAVEIN.

WEBB & DOUGHTY,

HAVE imported from Briſtol, white, blue, and green plains, of an extraordinary quality; ſtriped kendals for Negroes wear, nails of all ſorts, paints, &c. &c. which they will diſpoſe of reaſonably, at their ſtore near the Watch-houſe. 6 w.

Juſt arrived in the LIVE-OAK,

A Large Quantity of white and coloured Negro Cloth, at different Prices; which with a general Aſſortment of other Goods, ſuitable to the Seaſon, will be ſold as low as poſſible, by CORRIE & CARSANS.

A large ASSORTMENT of well choſen RIBBONS and GAUSES,

JUST arrived in the LLOYD, Capt. POCOCK, from BRISTOL, and to be ſold for the Coſt and Charges, by JOHNSTON & SIMPSON.

LATELY IMPORTED,

A large, valuable, and general Aſſortment

Of well-bought Iriſh Linens,

IN QUANTITY,

Upwards of Three Hundred and Fifty Pieces.

OF the beſt quality and fabrick, being all bought of the manufactures when brown, and carefully attended to while bleaching; a large quantity of Yorkſhire flat linens, fit for ſheeting; low priced garlix, exceeding good dowlas, Iriſh oznabrugs, brown and white hinderlands, brown ſileſias or hollands, ſome bundles of hempen and flaxen Ruſſia linens, and a few pieces of rolls, with a great variety of printed linens and cottons; long and clear lawns, muſlins, lawn handkerchiefs; men and womens cotton, thread, and ſilk hoſe; ditto neateſt ſhoes and pumps, green ſilk umbrelloes, breeches pieces, men's fine hats at £. 5 each; a large number of good ſtuff ſhoes, at 30s. a pair; about 1200 yards of purple linen and purple copper-plates, of an exceeding good quality and neat patterns, from 10s. to 18s. 9d. the yard, with many other articles, which will be ſold ten per cent. under the common advance, with the advantage of five per cent. being allowed in the purchaſe of them for prompt payment, and no charge of commiſſions, being bought of the manufacturers with caſh, and to be ſold at a new brick ſtore in Beadon's-alley, by

JOHN DAVIES.

The advantages in the choice of the above goods, with the ſtill greater allowance that will be made in taking a quantity, afford good and reaſonable terms for thoſe to ſupply themſelves who purchaſe with caſh to ſell again.

N. B. A very great variety of new ARTICLES, juſt arrived in Captain GORDON.

TO BE SOLD,

BY Mr. WARHAM, at publick Vendue, at the Vendue-Houſe, on Tueſday the 25th Inſtant, a very fine Gold chaſed WATCH, with two Caſes and a handſome Chain: It would have been ſold at the Sale of the 15th, but was forgot to be put up.

The Houſe lately poſſeſſed by Anthony La Motte, Eſq; at the Corner of Dean's Square, is to be let, and may be entered on immediately. Enquire of

JOSHUA LOCKWOOD.

WANTS A PLACE,

A Woman that is capable of taking the charge of a large or ſmall family as houſe-keeper; in which capacity ſhe has lived in London. She underſtands the making of paſtry, jellies, pickling, preſerving, &c. and has no objection to the care of children.——Any Gentleman or Lady, that wants ſuch a perſon, will, on directing a line to A. B. to be left at the Printer's, be immediately waited on.

TO BE SOLD,

Upon the Market Wharf, on Tueſday the firſt Day of September, 1767, at four o'Clock in the Afternoon;

ABOUT Sixteen Thouſand Feet of choice MAHOGANY, in One Lot, by EDWARD OATES, Vendue-Maſter.

TO BE SOLD,

At publick Vendue, on the Spot, on Monday the 31ſt Day of Auguſt, Inſtant;

THE Dwelling-Houſe and Lot of Land, lately belonging to THOMAS CAPERS, ſen. deceaſed, wherein Mr. Chriſtoper Rogers, Taylor, now lives, in Church-ſtreet, near Charles Pinckney, Eſqr's.——It contains 195 Feet in length, 35 in Front, and 37 in Width, back: There are a good Waſh-houſe, Kitchen, and two Stables in the Yard.——The Conditions of the Sale will be made known on the aforeſaid Day, by

RICHARD CAPERS, } Executors.
THOMAS CAPERS, }

N. B. All Perſons having Demands on the Eſtate of the ſaid Deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accounts properly atteſted, by the firſt of January next: And all thoſe indebted thereto, are alſo deſired to make Payment by that Time.

FOR SALE,

ONE or more tracts of tide land for rice planting, from 350 to 800 acres in a tract, on the Carolina ſide of Savannah river, oppoſite to, and a little way from the ſaid town. The land has good dams and very good buildings, ſo that there need be no loſs of time by clearing or building, but a full crop made the firſt year; the barns are within 100 yards of the river.——If any Planter wants a very good and durable plantation, and will look at theſe lands, he will not loſe his time, as I want a good neighbour or two. Thoſe who incline to purchaſe, may apply to MILES BREWTON, Eſqr in Charles-Town, or to me at Savannah.

JOHN SMITH.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP,

SOME fine old rough Herefordſhire CYDER in Caſks and Bottles.——Enquire of Mr. WISE, Saddler, in King-ſtreet, near the Upper-End of Queen-ſtreet.

ALL perſons indebted to *Anthony Hiatt*, deceaſed, are for the laſt time deſired to make immediate payment; and all thoſe who have any demands, are requeſted to make them known immediately to

THOMAS HARTLEY.

JOHNSON's SHAKESPEAR, in Eight Volumes, Quarto, neatly bound, gilt and lettered, to be ſold at Eight and a Half for One, Caſh.——Enquire of the Printer.

St. Andrew's Pariſh, Auguſt 11, 1767.

One Hundred Pounds Reward, for apprehending

JONATHAN Mc CONNEL, an Iriſhman, of a dark or brown complexion, wears a ſhort brown wig, is about ſix feet high, and well made, having on Sunday night, the 9th inſtant, Auguſt, left the plantation belonging to the eſtate of BENJAMIN FULLER, and carried off with him THREE NEGROES, viz. WILL, JOHN, and JOE; *Will* is ſtout and well made, about 23 years of age, and very black; *John* is alſo pretty ſtout and well made, and very black, and is between 19 and 20 years old: *Joe* is about 14 or 15, and not ſo black as the other two; are all this country born, and ſpeak very good Engliſh.——It is likewiſe imagined he has carried off ſeveral other SLAVES, viz. a Negro man belonging to Mrs. Catherine Cattell, one belonging to John Ainsley, Eſq; and a fellow called Charles: They are all armed and will, 'tis thought, endeavour to get out of the province, or at leaſt to the back part of it.——Mc CONNEL carried alſo with him a ſmall bay STALLION, about 13 hands high, branded GF in one. ONE HUNDRED POUNDS reward will be given to any perſon or perſons that will apprehend the ſaid Mc CONNELL, and ſecure him in the common goal in Charles-Town, which will be paid on conviction: TWENTY POUNDS a piece for *Will* and *John*, and TEN for *Joe*; with a handſome gratuity for the horſe.

THOMAS FULLER.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber's plantation, in Prince William's pariſh, ſome time in May laſt, a young Negro man named JOHN, of the Guinea country; he ſpeaks bad Engliſh, has loſt one of his fore teeth; is about five feet ſix inches high, and has a large navel.——Whoever will deliver him to me, or to the Warden of the Work-houſe, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS, from ISAAC Mc PHERSON.

ALL perſons indebted to *Henry Fulcker*, of Charles-Town, vintner, are hereby deſired to pay off their accounts by the laſt of November next, to him, and to no other perſon: Thoſe who neglect payment by the time above limited, will be obliged to ſettle with an attorney at law: And thoſe who have any juſt demands againſt him, are deſired to call for their money.——He at the ſame time cautions all perſons againſt crediting any perſon on his account without a written order from under his hand, as he will not pay any debt ſo contracted from the date hereof.

Auguſt 11, 1767. HENRY FULCKER.

ALL perſons indebted to PHILIP GRUBER, deceaſed, are deſired to pay the ſame; and thoſe who have any demands, to bring them in, properly atteſted, to

MARY MAGDALEN GRUBER, Adminiſtratrix.

LEFT at the TEN-MILE-HOUSE, ſome time ago, by a perſon to me unknown, a grey horſe, about 13 hands and a half high, and branded on the mounting ſhoulder M S. The owner is deſired to call and take him away in fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwiſe he will be ſold for his charges, &c.

Auguſt 11, 1767. JOHN EDWARDS.

THOMAS ADDISON, informs me of a cheſnut coloured mare having ſtrayed into his paſture at Gooſe-Creek, about twelve hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder and buttock with a *heart*, a ſtroke acroſs.

Alſo a two year old colt, near the ſame colour, is neither marked or branded. The owners muſt prove their property before JOHN TROUP, J. P.

IN the poſſeſſion of Daniel Heyward, Eſq; a dark bay gelding, about 13 hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder SX, and is grey about the head.

Alſo a pied mare, about the ſame height, neither dock'd nor branded. The owners muſt prove their property before

STEPHEN DRAYTON, J. P.

STRAYED into the grounds of Mrs. Mell, at Gooſe-Creek, a bay mare about 13 hands high, a natural pacer, has a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, her off foot behind white, branded on the mounting ſhoulder with the ſtep of a hollow ſtirrup iron. The owner may prove the property before FENWICKE BULL, J. P.

St. Thomas's Pariſh, Auguſt 10, 1767.

PRODUCED to me by James Marion, in St. Thomas's pariſh, one bay horſe with a ſtar in his forehead, five years old, and about 13 hands high.

A cheſnut horſe, with a ſorrel ſnip, three years old, and about 12 hands high.

A black mare, five years old, and 12 hands high, with a mare yearling, and a horſe colt.

Two brown bay mares, four years old, 12 hands and a half high; the above ſtrays is neither branded or docked.

Whoever owns them muſt apply in ſix months, as the law directs, to BENJAMIN MARION, J. P.

BENJAMIN WEATHERLY, tolls two horſes in the paſture of Francis Yonge, Eſq; at Toogodo. One a bay, about 13 hands high, a natural pacer, eight years old, branded on the mounting ſhoulder W R

W R

he has a ſmall white feather in his forehead.

The other a cheſnut, about 14 hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder B W, about nine years old, and has a long white ſtroke acroſs his throat. The owners of the above ſtrays muſt prove their property before

ROBERT WILLIAMS, J. P.

A Brown and white pied Ox, branded T, marked in one Ear with a Swallow-Fork, and in the other with a Hole and Slit, and appears to be about ſix Years old. The Owner of the above Ox, muſt apply to

EDWARD PERRY, J. P.

A Black Gelding, about 13 Hands and an half high, branded on the mounting Shoulder B S, with a Llower de Luce between. The Owner of the ſaid Gelding, muſt prove his Property before

Auguſt 14, 1767. EDWARD PERRY, J. P.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

NICHOLAS WILLIAMS, who is in Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, upon *Meſne Proceſs*, at the Suit of *John Paul Grimke*, having petitioned the Honourable the Juſtices of his Majeſty's Court of Common-Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors. IT IS ORDERED, That the ſaid *John Paul Grimke*, and all others to whom the ſaid Petitioner is any wiſe indebted, be, and are hereby ſummoned and have Notice, to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature, at the firſt Sitting of the Court of Common-Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted. D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, June 15, 1767.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WILLIAM HAIR, who is in Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, upon *Meſne Proceſs*, at the Suit of *Robert Mills*, Adminiſtrator of the Eſtate of *Robert Smith*, late deceaſed, having petitioned His Honour the Judge of his Majeſty's Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors. IT IS ORDERED, That the ſaid *Robert Mills*, and all others to whom the ſaid Petitioner is any wiſe indebted, be, and are hereby ſummoned and have Notice, to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature, at the firſt Sitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted.

William Ancrum, Lambert Lance, and *Aaron Loocock*, to whom Part of the Petitioner's Effects are mortgaged, are ſummoned to be and appear at the Time and Place abovementioned, to render an Account upon Oath, of what is really and *bona fide* due upon their Mortgage, on pain of having the ſame deemed fraudulent.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, June 15, 1767.

BROUGHT TO THE WORK-HOUSE.

October 7, 1766. A well ſet new Negro fellow, who ſpeaks no Engliſh, has on an old white Negro Cloth jacket with pewter buttons, has a ſmall beard.——Taken up at Cooſawatchee.

——The abve Negro fellow, ſince his being advertiſed, ſays his name is FRANK.

December 13. A pretty tall well made Negro fellow who calls himſelf MARCH, but will not or cannot tell his maſter's name; has on old white Negro cloth cloaths and blanket, a large bump on his right ſhoulder; and was taken up at Col. Heyward's plantation, Cuckhold's creek, Combahee.

June 19, 1767. A Negro fellow who calls himſelf WILL, but can't tell his maſter or his country's name; he is about 5 feet two inches high, has a ſmall beard, and branded on the right ſhoulder thus O; has on a brown double breaſted jacket, and white Negro cloth breeches, and was taken up at Mr. Hog's plantation, called Hog-Neck, Indian-Land.

July 18. A dark mulatto who calls himſelf *John Burnet*, ſays he is free, and was born in Heneritta county in Virginia; but now his father lives at Long-Canes, were he has been three years, and ſays they both uſed to drive waggons, by one of which he has loſt all the fingers of his right hand: he alſo ſays he is a ſawyer, and was coming to town to look for work; has nothing on but an old ſhirt, and was taken up at Mr. Croft's plantation, up the path.

July 22. A new Negro fellow, who calls himſelf *Billy*, and ſays his maſter's name is *Bobby*; he is about five feet ſix inches high, full faced, and has the mark of a ſhot on his left thigh, which he ſaid was done by his maſter; has on an old white Negro cloth jacket and yellow breeches; and was taken up at Mr. Ball's plantation, Silk-Hope.

Auguſt 12. A Negro fellow who calls himſelf SAMBO, and ſays his maſter's name is Thomas; he is about five feet ſix inches high, pitted with the ſmall pox, full faced, and a long beard, is between 30 and 40 years of age; has on an old white Negro cloth jacket and blue breeches, and was taken up at Mr. William Coachman's plantation, Pon-pon.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, at his Printing-Office in Elliott-ſtreet.